

THE WAYNE HERALD.

Twenty-Second Year.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FEBRUARY 13, 1897.

Number 2.

McNeal & Beebe, Publishers.

REPUBLICAN—LEADING AND OFFICIAL PAPER OF WAYNE AND WAYNE COUNTY—REPUBLICAN.

Subscription \$1.00 in Advance.

Wayne County in 1897.

HAPPENINGS OF THE FAST WEEK.

NEW SPRING GOODS coming in this week at Ahern's.

Two weeks from today and it will all be over.

Mrs. Andress entertained the Minerva club Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. E. M. Smith will entertain friends tomorrow evening.

We hear that many farmers will begin sowing wheat next week.

The Y. M. C. A. meetings are being well attended, likewise the socials.

John Jublin has been very ill the past week and unable to attend school.

Keep in mind the concert at the opera house Friday evening of next week.

Vitrol your wheat. It is best to be on the safe side. Get it at R. W. Wilkins & Co's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Blanchard entertained the ladies of the Guild and their husbands last evening.

The "Bachelor Girls" meet again with Miss Weber tomorrow night. The program will consist of the regular sports.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Smith entertained the whist club Friday evening. Mrs. Mitchell and Dr. Williams were the victors.

The Minerva Club meets with Mrs. Beebe next Tuesday afternoon. An interesting Washington program has been prepared.

See the announcement of Wilder & Co. in this issue. They expect to put in a large line of Dry Goods and solicit a portion of your trade.

The little daughter of Jno. Hull, who resides nine miles south of Wayne, died last week Friday and was buried in the Wayne cemetery Saturday.

A Ponca bricklayer named Stephen Hemai, had \$4,000 in gold stolen from his cellar recently, where he had stored it away, fearing to place it in the bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chason who reside northeast of Wayne, celebrated Mr. Chason's birthday last Friday evening by entertaining a number of their friends.

Ed Jones, one of Wayne's Capitalists was in our city the last part of last week looking after business in connection with the defunct State bank.—Bloomfield Monitor.

The ladies of the Guild will give a concert at the opera house Friday evening, February 26th. An excellent programme has been prepared which will appear in next week's issue.

The Y. M. C. A. meeting last Sunday was conducted by the teachers in attendance at the Educational Rally, and was one of the most interesting meetings ever held by the association.

Frank Strahan has rented the Diltz house occupied by L. C. Gildersleeve and will move to Wayne. Mr. Gildersleeve will occupy one of the McCready houses in the northwest part of town.

Forty acres of corn, 40 acres of wheat, 15 acres of oats, 10 acres of sugar beets, 2 acres of chikory, 2 acres of potatoes, 1 acre of onions, 1 acre of vegetables, hay land, six oows, and 600 hens and roosters, is about what you should possess this year by July 1st. There's hundreds in it.

Rev. Sisson arrived from Fremont Monday to assist Rev. Millard in the revival meetings at the M. E. church. Tuesday he received a telegram calling him to Fremont to conduct the funeral services of one of his members who died Monday evening. He is expected to return today and will preach every night during the coming week.

Dr. Talmage in a recent address on the country newspaper, spoke thus: "A newspaper whose columns overflow with advertisements of business has more influence in attracting attention to building up a city or town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor will locate where there is an advertising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as a newspaper well patronized and its power should be appreciated."

An entertainment was held at Grace school house Wednesday evening, Feb. 10th, under the management of the teacher. Miss Sarah Cawley, which proved to be in every way a success. The program consisted of recitations and dialogues and a box supper. After supper a few hours were spent in pleasant enjoyment. The entertainment was given to procure money with which to purchase a library for the school. Miss Cawley is well liked by her pupils and that she takes a profound interest in their education is plainly manifested.

Mrs. S. M. Sloan has been sick the past week.

New Spring Goods coming in this week at Ahern's.

Fred French is now able to be about again after a severe sickness.

Moses Herner, formerly of Wayne county but now of Jerico, Mo., died on the 9th inst.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework in a family of three. Inquire of P. L. Miller.

It is reported that the wife of Peter Dahl, who resides near Winside, is in a demented condition.

There is very little change in the market but the chances favor a higher price for wheat within the next two weeks.

Remember that W. J. White is going to have a sale of Poland China Hogs at his farm southeast of Wayne on the 5th of March.

Next Monday being Washington's birthday and a legal holiday, the post office will be closed during the regular hours for closing on legal holidays.

The subjects of the sermons at the Baptist church Sunday are, "Christ Moved by the Multitude" and "Christ Moving the Multitude." You are invited.

Next Sunday evening Rev. Wight will preach the second sermon on "Conquest of Christianity over Paganism." All are cordially invited to attend.

Rev. Markley and wife of Fremont, representing the Children's Home Society of Omaha, were in Wayne last Sunday and occupied the pulpits at the M. E. and Presbyterian churches.

The boiler at the creamery bursted one day last week, and as a result some of the cream was run through a hand churn. On Saturday Frank Gamble churned 200 pounds of butter in the hand churn.

A club to be known as the Wayne Club, was organized last evening with T. W. Moran as president and Harry Jones Secretary and Treasurer. An executive committee was also selected. The club will occupy the rooms over Purncher & Duerig's store.

A gentleman who is posted, informed us yesterday that the price of feeders would probably go down to \$3.50 and he also stated that fat cattle will sell lower. This will be very interesting news to the farmers who have paid \$4.00 per cwt. for feeders.

At the opera house, Saturday, February 20th, will be presented for the first time in your city, the new Muldoon's Pionio, the most laughable of all Irish farce comedies. This year every thing is new and up to date, sparkling with Irish wit, high class specialties, funny situations and clean comedy; a show that pleases every one. Admission 25, 35 and 50 cents. Seats on sale at usual place.

The C. E. meeting last Sunday evening was very interesting. The work of the denomination was shown through the aid of statistics, and Rev. Wight made an interesting talk on the subject "Why I am a Presbyterian." The subject for the meeting next Sunday evening is "Our little worries, and how to get rid of them." Ps. 121: 1-8; John 14: 1. The meeting will be led by Miss Stuart of the College.

Rev. I. N. Clark of Kansas City, gave an interesting address on Foreign Missions at the Baptist church last Sunday morning. He spoke on "The Field of the Forces and the Fruitage" and was aided by two large maps of Asia and the Congo Free State. The church collection was handed in at this time, which was more than \$30.00. This was Rev. Clark's first visit to this part of the state and he was well pleased with it. If he comes again he may be sure of a good hearing.

Monday evening about sixty members of the I. O. O. F. met in Masonic Hall and gave the second degree of Odd-Fellowship to three candidates. The Wayne Lodge was assisted in the work by the team from Lyons. It is said that a general good time was had, and that the goat was in just the right spirit for great work. During the night the visiting brothers were tendered a banquet at Hoover's Restaurant. The Lodge in this city is in a flourishing condition. The following Odd Fellows from Lyons were in attendance: Messrs. Caffen, Rex, Ince, Crellam, Hall, Shumway, Gates, Calnon, Wolf, Rogers, Warner, Styles, Epkeien, Shultz, Richards, R. Hart, J. Hart, Darling, Ustich, Garmon, Thomas, Fritz and Gage.

PERSONAL.

J. B. Norris was down from Sherman today.

E. E. Perrine left for California Saturday.

Dan Harrington was in Winside Saturday.

Z. Bought of Randolph. was in town Monday.

Henry Gaertner went to Onawa, Iowa, Tuesday.

I. W. Alter was in Wisner on business Tuesday.

A. B. Clark returned from Illinois Saturday.

Nels Grimsley was a Winside visitor Saturday.

S. B. Scace was in Omaha the first of the week.

H. B. Boyd went to Indiana Tuesday afternoon.

A. H. Carter was down from Winside Saturday.

A. L. Tucker did business in Winside last Friday.

W. O. Gamble was an Omaha passenger Sunday.

A. E. Smith of Randolph, was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. C. A. Chace visited in Sioux City Tuesday.

Rev. Eokhart went to Sioux City yesterday morning.

Mrs. Wheeler went to Sioux City Saturday afternoon.

Attorney Welch transacted legal business in Pierce Tuesday.

Clark Edgerton has been visiting his family a few days this week.

Miss Mary and Richard Coyle went to Ponca yesterday afternoon.

Attorney Horrigan and wife of Bloomfield, were in the city Tuesday.

W. J. Lowery, Winside's efficient barber, was in Wayne Monday.

Attorney Dodge and A. T. Chapin were down from Winside Monday.

Editor Carroll was down from Winside to attend the Teachers' Rally.

Chas. Reynolds came up from the State University Saturday for a short visit.

Arthur Miller of Randolph, was in the city Saturday attending the teachers' rally.

Wm. Powell and brother were up from the south side of the county, Friday.

James Stephens and J. B. Manning were down from Carroll on business Monday.

Edw. Lundburg was up from Wakefield attending the Educational Rally last week.

Miss Carlson of Red Oak, Iowa, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Magnus Westlund.

H. L. Kimball transacted legal business at Hartington and Laurel the first of the week.

Willard Coons was down from near Daily Branch P. O., in Dixon county, on business last week.

Mrs. H. Webbles arrived from Pender Friday. Mr. Webbles took possession of the laundry Monday.

Representative Jones came up from Lincoln Friday, the Legislature having adjourned until Tuesday.

Mrs. G. W. Ardley went to Iowa Thursday of last week for a few weeks visit with relatives and friends.

L. M. Warner of the Lyons Mirror, stuck his head in this print shop Monday evening long enough to say "howdy do."

Mrs. R. H. James arrived from San Francisco Monday evening and will visit for some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Wright.

Miss Nina Gunn who has been visiting here for some time, went to Fremont Monday morning where she has accepted a position in the public schools.

Ralph Greer who has been for a long time in the employ of the First National Bank, went to Shenandoah, Iowa, Friday, where he will remain for two or three months.

Albert Berry came up from Lincoln Saturday and remained over Sunday. He is laughing in his boots over the "soft snap" he is holding down at Lincoln and doesn't care how long it lasts.

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Wayne County in 1881.

Items of Interest to Old Settlers Taken from the Wayne Review, Published at La Porte.

MARCH 17, 1881.

L. E. Hunter, late of this office, has accepted a position in a Norfolk office.

Mrs. D. W. Britton and daughter arrived last Saturday. Mr. Britton will arrive soon.

During the past six weeks the publication of the Review has been attended with great difficulties on account of lack of fuel, which could not be obtained for love or money, and great credit is due to our compositor L. E. Hunter, who despite cold weather and numbed fingers, generally succeeded in getting the paper out on time.

We notice in the commissioners' proceedings in this issue of the Review that Hunter & Childs were allowed \$14.92 for printing, A. S. Miner, \$5.00 for circulating a petition, and J. T. Bressler 50 cents for splitting wood for the county.

MARCH 24, 1881.

The railroads were blocked again last Saturday.

And now Monroe Conover straightens himself up, puts his tile a little more on one side of his head, and proceeds to set up the cigars while he announces "He will be a voter after March 19th, 1902."

APRIL 21, 1881.

A small part of the snow which fell Oct. 15th, still remains, scattered about in the hollows on the prairie.

R. Wilbur has lost 70 head of cattle all told through the winter, in addition to one mule and a valuable horse.

Last Sunday the Logan creek was the highest it has been known by the oldest inhabitants. All the bridges in Wayne and Dixon counties are gone or wrecked, except one near Frank Crane's and that over the Dogtown branch by L. T. Reed's. Jens Nelson's house was surrounded by water; McHenry took his family out of his house in a boat, as did also Mr. Elliott. The water came up to the windows in D. D. Laska's house and his whole farm was flooded. Twenty-two persons took refuge in the house of Geo. Childs during the flood.

APRIL 23, 1881.

The estimate of the county expenses for the ensuing year amounts to \$20,500.

Jno. Beckenhauer's little girl was bitten by a rattlesnake last Sunday.

MAY 12, 1881.

The scramble for county offices is going to be as hot as the weather during the coming summer, and there don't begin to be half offices enough to go around.

MAY 26, 1881.

Knights of Pythias meeting at Castle Hall next Tuesday evening. Work in the third.

We notice the Omaha Bee says that telegraphy was exhibited in Wayne Co., during the Rash murder, several neighbors having had impulses to go to the spot while the fiendish crime was being committed. Telegraphy may be all right but telephony would have been better—a good strong telegraph pole with the corpse of the fiend dangling from the top.—Emerson Times.

MAY 26, 1881.

Real Estate Transfers.

J. S. French to J. O. Barron. \$1400 00

H. B. Miller to Peavy Elevator Co., lot 9, block 4, B. & P's. 1st add to Winside. 25 00

C. W. Simon to E. M. Langhlin north 50 feet lot 1, block 9, B. & P's. add to Wayne. 600 00

Peter Oman to Wm. Mellor, \$25, 9-25 3. 7000 00

Edw. Adamson to Jno. Ritchey n 1/2 s 1/4, 23-25 3. 2200 00

Carroll State Bank to T. I. Shafer, lots 8 and 9, block 9, Carroll. 600 00

J. Shannon to G. J. Kautz, lot 8, block 6, Hoskins. 50 00

F. G. Phillee to Wm. R. Grace, lots 7, 8, 9, block 18, coll hill. 530 00

Geo. W. Briggs to O. L. Griggs, n 1/2, 23-25 1. 7000 00

On all Overcoats and other Winter Goods. HARRINGTON & ROBBINS.

Strayed or Stolen.

From my place, two head of cattle, both ears on each animal split. Any information will be thankfully received. 2-5 EUGENE SULLIVAN.

THE POWERS TO ACT

FOREIGN FLEETS HAVE BEEN REINFORCED.

Will Likely Prevent a Clash Between the Greeks and Turks—Canadian Opinion of the Depression in the United States.

The Powers to Act.

There was not much change in the situation at Canes, Crete, Monday morning. The foreign consuls and the archives of the consulates remained aboard the foreign warships. The Christian governor of Crete, Gerovitch Pasha, is on board the Russian man of war, and the Greek consul is on board a Greek warship. Skirmishing between the Mussulmans and Christians around the town continued incessantly, with little advantage to either. Skirmishes were also in progress at Hulfia. Messages of importance have been exchanged between the admirals and their home governments. All the foreign fleets have been reinforced.

The Mussulmans are now practically confined to Canes, Retimo and Heraklion. Some Greek vessels are off the Island of Milo. It is understood the foreign admirals have received instructions to prevent an open conflict between the Greeks and Turks.

The opinion in official circles in Constantinople is that a fleet of the powers will be instructed to occupy Crete very shortly and that pressure will be brought on Turkey and Greece to prevent an open war. The Turks fear Crete in any case is practically lost. Already there are indications in the Boland Peninsula that a war between Greece and Turkey would be followed by a serious conflict there, and it is believed the powers are not yet ready to face such conditions. It is not believed, however, that war will be declared. It is understood the sultan has received assurance from the powers that Greece will not be allowed to disturb the peace of Europe, though certain irregularities of her recent actions will have to be overlooked. It is pointed out to the sultan that King George was compelled to make a naval demonstration in Cretan waters in order to allay popular clamor in Greece.

A Vienna dispatch says: The semi-official Fremdenblatt, confirms the report that the powers had accepted the proposal of Great Britain for the occupation of Canes, Heraklion and Retimo by the marines of the foreign fleets, adds: "The commander of the Australian ship has already received instructions to co-operate with the fleets of other powers, and if necessary forcibly prevent further hostilities on the part of Greece. The powers are on the point of arriving at an agreement in regard to steps to avoid further bloodshed at Crete."

BANKS ARE TO BLAME.

Canadian View of the Depression in the United States.

Hon. C. C. Colby, ex-Canadian cabinet minister, who has returned to Montreal from an extensive trip through the United States, says that the defectiveness of the United States national bank system is responsible for much of the depression that has been noticeable of late. The system does not meet the present requirements, the banks being precluded from giving necessary accommodations to more crops, etc., hence the many failures that have been exploited. The silver agitation was the outcome of a lack of banking facilities for the adequate needs of the country. He says he has information that McKinley has given carte blanche to a Chicago banker to prepare a scheme which, if acceptable, will be worked out by the secretary of the treasury and submitted to congress. He believes the Canadian system of banks with large capital and branches in the different centers of the country, and power to issue currency guaranteed by the government, will, to a certain extent, be followed.

Place for the South.

A Washington dispatch says that it is now generally believed there that James A. Gary of Maryland will be postmaster general under McKinley. The opposition which manifested itself in Gary's own state had all been removed, and in a day or two at the utmost he will be further endorsed by a number of influential men throughout the south as the most representative man for the southern member of the cabinet.

Reduced to Helplessness.

The most populous quarter of the British empire is devastated by plague and famine and overwhelmed by disasters worse than war. Large as the Mansion House charity fund is, and extensive as the relief works already are, with a capacity of employing between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 of natives, the magnitude of the calamities which have befallen India is so appalling that the government seems reduced to helplessness.

Bad Gang Is Run Down.

The last member of the Stratton gang of robbers, the toughest and smoothest gang of criminals known in the west for many years, now lies in the Denver city jail, betrayed to the officers by his brother. This renegade, Harry Davis, is wanted in North Baltimore, O., for the murder of Night Watchman Joseph Baker on the 21st of last June.

Christie, the Minstrel Man, Dead. Charles Christie, an old time burnt cork minstrel, who was one time well known throughout the land, died Saturday night in Kansas City, age 63. For several years the old man had made a bare living on the streets of Kansas City cutting silhouettes for chance patrons.

A Blow at the Trusts.

The Missouri senate has passed the anti-trust bill, which nullifies all contracts for sales with trusts and provides that persons purchasing under contract from trusts need not carry out contracts thus made.

KAINE'S MARRIAGE EDICT.

St. Louis Archbishop Forbids Marital Alliances with Non-Catholics. Archbishop Kath has enlarged upon an order promulgated some time ago which has shocked and startled the upper circles of Catholicism in St. Louis to a degree never before excited by any church order, for the reason that it touches so closely the domestic peace of communicants. The order seems to have been precipitated by the controversy that has arisen over the approaching marriage of Miss Josephine Rowley to Dr. W. L. Whipple and of Miss Frances Holmes to Charles Orshwin. The brides-to-be are devout Catholics and the grooms are Protestants. All of the parties are leaders in swiftness. The fiancés and their influential friends have pleaded with the archbishop in vain to relax his rule and permit them to be married at home by a priest, but the archbishop is obdurate and has sternly told the young women that both of them shall be instantly excommunicated if they marry non-believers. Both young women will forsake the church of their faith for the men they love. But the climax came when the archbishop announced that all bridesmaids and groomsmen of the Catholic faith who officiate at either of these swell weddings would also be excommunicated. Both weddings are to be elaborate affairs, with many attendants, or at least that was the programme. Now all is chaos. This has caused a number of leading Catholic laymen to speak out against the rigidity of the archbishop.

WOMAN IN THE WORKSHOP.

Proportion of Females to the Whole Working Class Increasing. The eleventh annual report of the department of labor transmitted to congress recently by Commissioner Wright relates entirely to the work and wages of men, women and children. It shows that the proportion of women to the whole working class is increasing while that of children is decreasing. The figures obtained from selected establishments are numerous enough to give a reliable index. From these figures it is seen that male employes 18 years of age or over increased in the present period over the former period 83.1 per cent., while female employes of the same age increased 66.8 per cent. Male employes (children) under 18 years of age increased 80.6 per cent., while female employes under 18 years of age increased 89.1 per cent. The report throws considerable additional light upon the much discussed question as to married women in industrial pursuits. For the present period, out of an aggregate of 79,987 women, 70,921, or 88.7 per cent., were single; 8,755, or 8.5 per cent., married; 2,011, or 2.5 per cent., divorced, and 244, or 0.31 per cent., unknown. The last census figures on this point are also analyzed. Of the 3,914,671 females over 18 years of age engaged in industrial pursuits in the United States in 1890, 69.84 per cent. were single or their conjugal condition was unknown; 13.6 per cent. were married, 16.10 per cent. were widowed, and 90 per cent. were divorced.

CONFLICT SEEMS INEVITABLE

Greece Is Determined to Annex the Island of Crete. The warlike excitement in Athens increased with the departure of troops for the frontier and the equipping of additional war vessels for service in Cretan waters. Nobody seems to doubt that a clash at arms will occur between Greece and Turkey unless the powers intervene, but it is believed that Greece will be given a free hand in Crete and that if she succeeds in annexing that island her right to do so will not be questioned by the rest of Europe. It is quite certain that King George has not acted without consulting with his friends in sending the torpedo flotilla into Cretan waters with instructions to prevent at all hazards the landing of Turkish troops in Crete.

The ports is understood to have appealed to the powers to restrain Greece in this emergency, but nothing further is known of the policy Turkey is adopting, though it is reported that a large force of Turkish troops is assembling at Salonica for embarkation to Crete, that there is great activity in military circles on the Turkish frontier and that a portion of the Turkish fleet is being prepared for active service.

Modjeska Too Ill To Act.

Mme. Modjeska will cancel all her engagements for the season under her physicians' advice. Mme. Modjeska is suffering from an aggravated case of appendicitis, but her physicians have decided to avoid an operation as long as possible. They say there is no immediate danger, and that she will probably recover.

Pearl Bryan's Murderers.

The court of appeals at Frankfort, Ky., has overruled the petition for a rehearing in the case of Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Pearl Bryan.

The Charleston Blockade.

CHARLESTON, S. C.: The weather Friday was not propitious for the vessels of the blockade fleet, though it suited admirably the purpose of a blockade runner. None, however, attempted to run the gauntlet of the fleet. The arrival of the other vessels which have been ordered to join the fleet is being looked forward to with eagerness, particularly so the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, which is to run the blockade. The monitor Amphitrite came up to the city and took a position off the custom house.

A Victory for Fitzsimmons.

BUFFALO: Pugilist Bob Fitzsimmons scored a victory in this city, Justice Childs having granted the petition that the money paid into court, about \$250, during the quarrel which resulted in the breaking up of the partnership of the famous fighter and his former manager, Capt. Glori, be returned to him.

To Wage War on Sweet Shops.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.: The Ready Made Tailors' National Association was formed by the convention which has been in session to week in this city. The organization is to act independent of the Knights of Labor. War is to be waged on the sweetshop system. The officers elected are headed by G. C. Hester, of Syracuse, as president.

NATIONAL DAIRYMEN.

THE ANNUAL MEETING HELD IN CHICAGO.

Ex-Gov. W. D. Hoard Elected President for the Ensuing Year—Turkish Consul General at Boston in Jail Charged with Embezzlement.

National Dairy Union.

The annual meeting of the National Dairy Union was held in Chicago. Resolution were adopted requesting the department of agriculture to co-operate with the various dairy interests to fight against the introduction of dairy substitutes. A resolution was also passed inviting the various dairy interests to co-operate with the National Dairy Union in this fight, and one asking the upper house to take action upon the Groat bill regulating the sale of oleomargarine.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—W. D. Hoard of Wisconsin. Vice-President—W. K. Boardman of Iowa.

Treasurer—H. B. Garler, DeKalb, Ill. Secretary—Charles Y. Knight, Chicago.

TRIES TO KILL FOUR.

Insane Ex-Treasurer of Lexington Murders His Son and Suicides.

John Marrs of Lexington, Ky., on Sunday morning killed his son, wounded his daughter, tried to kill his wife and killed himself. Marrs was ex-city treasurer. He was once in an insane asylum. When the servant awoke Marrs rose with an insane light in his eye, and as the servant retreated fired two shots at her. Mrs. Marrs and her sister-in-law, Miss Ida, ran up to the room, but Mrs. Marrs fainted on the steps as her daughter Helen ran out of the room. Miss Ida entered the room and found Marrs brandishing a pistol. He struck her and fired at her, but missed. Then he shut and locked the door. When neighbors assembled and forced an entrance he was found with his throat cut from ear to ear. The little boy was shot through the head and mutilated with the razor. Helen was wounded in the head but will recover.

SIX MINERS ENTOMBED.

Buried by a Cave-In at the Talcolville Mine in New York.

One of the worst accidents in many years occurred Saturday evening at the Talcolville mine, nine miles from Gouverneur, N. Y. A section of the shaft in the Freeman's talc mine caved in and buried six men under a vast amount of rock and earth. Seven men were at work in the mine when Wm. Horn noticed the mine caving in. He shouted to his companions and they attempted to escape. Horn managed to avoid the falling earth and rocks, but the others went down with the huge mass of debris. Horn hastened to the surface and gave the alarm. Rescuers, after some diligent work, uncovered the head and shoulders of one of the entombed miners, named Dawlock. The other unfortunate miners are certainly dead. Their names are: McCoy, Matheva, Tetherton, McLochin and Charles Laroco.

TURKISH CONSUL IN JAIL.

Mr. Isagil's Arrest Causes a Big Sensation in Boston.

Joseph A. Isagil, Turkish consul general at Boston, who was arrested in New York Saturday night at the request of Boston officers, was held in \$10,000 bail until Capt. Francis Peabody, jr., the complainant, will reach that city from Boston. The consul general is charged with embezzling \$8,000 from Peter Charles Lesvieux, and \$250,000 is said to be involved. Isagil was locked up, he having failed to secure bondsmen.

The arrest of Joseph A. Isagil, has caused a tremendous sensation in Boston, especially in the society where he and his wife were prominent.

New Scheme of Huntington's.

It is stated that Collis P. Huntington has a corps of engineers in the field making a preliminary survey for a railway from the port of Alvarado, south of Vera Cruz, Mexico, to the port of Salina Cruz, on the Pacific coast, and that if he can secure an advantageous route he will ask the government for a concession for operating the line in connection with the Pacific Mail steamers, thus doing away with the Panama route.

Quay's Son Is Arrested.

Richard R. Quay, son of Senator Quay, was arrested at Pittsburg, Pa., on a charge of criminal libel, on complaint of State Senators Magee and Flinn, charged with furnishing material for an article published in the Commercial Gazette, stating that they sold out to Hanna in the fight of McKinley for the presidential nomination. Quay gave bond. Other arrests are promised.

O'Malley Not Guilty.

Alderman Thomas J. O'Malley and John Sentry, who have been on trial for the murder of Gus Collander in Chicago, were acquitted on Saturday by the jury. The trial lasted a month and has been bitterly contested. Gus Collander was a judge of election who in a local election in 1894 was shot by one of a gang of toughs which raided the polling place over which he presided.

No Money Now Up.

Warren Lewis of New York, has taken down the \$2,500 which he had in Al Smith's hands as a forfeit in the match between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, because the latter had not put up a like sum. Now no money is up on the match.

Cut Wages 10 Per Cent.

The Cambria Iron Company of Johnstown, Pa., has announced a reduction in wages of 10 per cent. to go into effect March 1, because of the general depression in the steel trade.

Weekly Bank Statement.

The weekly bank statement shows a reserve decrease of \$2,902,000. The banks now hold \$31,888,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

CUBAN BONDS SOLD SECRETLY.

Fifteen Millions Disposed of in the United States and Elsewhere.

Cuban bonds to the extent of over \$15,000,000 have been secretly issued and disposed of in the United States and elsewhere during the past twelve months. The greatest secrecy has been exercised by the junta in the handling of these securities, for the reason that until quite recently it has been a question whether issuing bonds of the republic of Cuba was a violation of international law. The conclusion having, however, been arrived at that the course which has been pursued is lawful and cannot be interfered with, the fact of the bond issue is now made public, and the securities will be placed on open sale in all of the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

These bonds are payable in gold ten years after the evacuation of the island by the Spanish forces. The sale of bonds, it is claimed, bears out the junta's constant assertion that no overtures looking toward peace except on a basis of absolute independence of the island will be entertained. The bonds are in denominations of \$1,000 and \$500. They bear 4 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, in New York or Havana, the revenues of the republic being pledged to pay them. New York and Paris have been the best markets for the bonds, a single remittance from Paris being \$135,000. London, Berlin and other places have taken a considerable amount.

RAIL POOL'S DISRUPTION.

Combine's Collapse the Event of the Week in Trade.

R. G. Dan & Co's Weekly Review of Trade says: No event of the week approaches in importance the disruption of the steel rail pool. In two days after it a greater tonnage of rails was probably purchased than the entire production last year, reported as 800,000 tons, and instead of \$28 in December and \$25 in January, \$17 is now the price at which works east and west are seeking orders, the Carnegie Company even selling at \$17 Chicago delivery. These sales will employ many thousands hands, with an important decrease in the cost of track laying or renewals to railroads. Another event of influence is the purchase of 750,000 pieces of print cloths by M. C. D. Borden, at 2.56 cents, which has already caused an advance to 2.69 cents, with a stronger tone for prints and other cotton goods. The woolen industry also meets an increased demand for low and medium goods and a dozen more mills have started against three stopping for various reasons. Clay mixtures are reduced to 75 cents with other prices maintained. Failures for the past week have been 267 in the United States, against 321 last year, and 61 in Canada, against 67 last year.

KNEES WON'T APPEAL.

Will Serve the Sentence for "Ringing" in Germany.

Word from Berlin, Germany, says that Robert Kneebles, the American horse owner, has decided not to appeal against the sentence of nine months' imprisonment and a fine of 1,000 marks for trotting his mare Bethel on the German tracks under a false name. He has less than two months to serve.

Burglars Steal Evidence.

Burglars entered the office of United States Secret Service Agent Murphy in the federal building at St. Louis, Mo., and captured all the counterfeit money in the possession of the department. Two gangs of expert counterfeiters are in jail in that city awaiting trial. The capture of the counterfeit money robs the government of its chief evidence and practically prevents the effective prosecution of the cases. Police believe friends of the men now in jail committed the burglary.

Has Fight With Cattle Thieves.

A telegram received at San Antonio, Texas, gives an account of a desperate battle between Sheriff Jones and posse and cattle thieves, which took place in Kimball County, Texas. The sheriff's posse had been on the trail of cattle thieves several days, and finally came upon their camp in the hills. The thieves showed fight and two of them, J. C. Johnson and Jim Crain, were killed and Jack Underwood fatally wounded. None of the sheriff's posse was injured.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, red, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 21c to 22c; oats, No. 2, 14c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 36c; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 16c; potatoes, per bushel, 20c to 30c; broom corn, common short to choice 40c to \$50 per ton. Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, good to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 87c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 24c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c. St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 87c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 19c to 20c; oats, No. 2 white, 15c to 17c; rye, No. 2, 32c to 34c. Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, 89c to 91c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 24c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c. St. Paul—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, red, 85c to 88c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 22c to 24c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 21c; rye, 35c to 38c. Toledo—Wheat, No. 2, red, 87c to 89c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 23c; oats, No. 2 white, 16c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c; clover seed, \$4.85 to \$4.95. Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, spring, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 3, 19c to 20c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 18c; barley, No. 2, 25c to 31c; rye, No. 1, 35c to 37c; pork, mess, \$7.45 to \$7.75. St. Paul—Cattle, common to prime shipping, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, medium to best, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, lambs, fair to prime natives, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hams, fair to extra, \$4.00 to \$5.25. New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2, 20c to 22c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; butter, creamery, 15c to 16c; eggs, western, 13c to 17c.

STATE OF NEBRASKA.

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The City Fathers and Electric Light Officials at Kearney Fail to Agree on Rates and Consequently the City Is in Darkness.

May Leave Kearney in Darkness.

Kearney is wrestling with the question of street lighting. The contract with the Kearney Electric Light Company expired on the first of this month, and so far the officials have been unable to agree upon the terms of a new contract. The price paid prior to February 1 was 4 1/2 cents per hour per light, and there were twenty-six arc lights used at that price. In addition there were nine lights which the city had the use of in consideration of having voted and donated to the Kearney Canal and Water Supply Company \$50,000 in bonds May 1, 1897. The contract for furnishing the free lights was for a term of twenty years, and the city council is now inclined to get along with as few lights as possible. A meeting of the citizens was held recently to discuss the matter, and it seemed to be the unanimous opinion that the council should only take lights that the city was entitled to free, and if the electric company failed or refused to comply with this demand that steps should be taken to force them to do so at once. Just what the outcome will be is hard to predict, but it is quite certain that the city will be in darkness for a while at least.

FINANCES OF THE STATE.

Sum of \$25,700 Due from Ex-State Auditor for Insurance Fees.

The books of the insurance department, of the state auditor's office show that ex-Auditor Eugene Moore has standing against him for insurance fees, collected and not turned in, the amount of \$25,700. He says that the amount will all be paid within a short time. The state treasurer when asked on February 13, for information concerning the condition of the state treasury, incidentally, how ex-Treasurer Bartley was coming on in the way of turning over the funds in his possession said that the house and senate had appointed a preliminary investigating committee to inquire into the condition of the funds, and that he was now preparing a statement to lay before them. He said he did not desire to anticipate that statement by publication of the full facts just now, but he added that the statement would be ready this week, and would be submitted to the committee. This committee has also tended to retard somewhat the quarterly report of the treasurer, due the first of the month, and which is usually transmitted to the state auditor before the 8th. This report will be sent in soon after the preliminary examination by the committee, and thereafter it will be transmitted once a month.

Robbers Get Into Postoffice.

Burglars again entered the postoffice at Exeter, and the safe was blown open, but the robbers were frightened away before they could effect an entrance to the steel chest, where the cash, stamps and money orders were. From appearances they used nitroglycerine and were not at all sparing of the article. It blew the outer door off and the front plate of the inside chest, hurling them through a window near the safe, knocking it out, sash and all. They seemed to have been nearly ready for the second charge, but hearing some people stirring they fled, leaving everything. They had effected an entrance through an east window, with tools which they had secured from the B. & M. tool house. There was nearly \$200 worth of plunder in the safe, but they got none of it. There is not the slightest clue.

On Trial for Manslaughter.

Keith County district court is in session at Ogallala and Frank Yocum, who shot and killed James Evans on the evening of December 23, was tried for manslaughter. The attorneys for the defense were Wilcox & Halligan of North Platte, and the case was prosecuted by County Attorney Albert Muldoon, assisted by James McNa, who is a resident of Ogallala. The jury, on Thursday, brought in a verdict of guilty of assault and battery. Judge Grimes sentenced him to sixty days in jail.

Farmers After Hog Thieves.

Frank Tate and D. Brown have been accused of stealing hogs out in their neighborhood, so the farmers around Pierce say, and a committee of about twenty-five proceeded to the Tate residence to apply tar and feathers to the offenders, but both men were gone. The farmers say that stock of various kinds have been missing of late and now they have spotted the culprits.

Steal Hides From a Car.

Someone broke into a car at Fremont and stole about \$70 worth of hides belonging to Barnes & Hoehner. The hides were shipped from Rushville and were "rough skinned" by Indians from cattle issued to them as rations. There were wagon tracks near the car, which were followed for quite a distance.

Brakeman Falls from a Train.

Brakeman Charles Drummond, a resident of Beatrice, fell from freight train No. 66 going south on the Union Pacific road at a point eight miles north of Manhattan and was instantly killed, his head and legs being severed from his body. Drummond was 29 years old and single.

Hand Caught in a Corn Shelter.

A. Neidermier, a farmer, residing five miles from Fontanelle had his hand badly mangled by being caught in a corn shelter. His hand was so wedged into the bearings of the machine that ten horses, which were hitched to the power were brought to a standstill by it.

Find the Kidnaped Child.

Willie Booth, the child kidnaped at Beatrice, has been located in Sumnerfield, Kan., in charge of the man Brown, who, it was believed, had enticed him away. The boy's uncle, J. S. Atherton, will institute legal proceedings to regain possession of him.

Health of Corn in Harlan County.

The corn in Harlan County is all of good quality. There are over 200,000 bushels of ear corn in the crib at Republican City now and in addition to this Harris & Co. are erecting 800 feet of running crib room. The prospects for at least 800,000 bushels seem excellent. It beats all records.

They All Come Back.

Thomas O'Day, at one time the Democratic candidate for supreme judge in this state, but for several years a resident of Portland, Oregon, has decided to return to this former home at Neligh.

FARMER'S WIFE'S STRANGE ACT.

Destroys Family Relics and Articles She Formerly Prized.

The wife of Farmer Dull, a farmer living six miles northwest of Wayne, has become demented over financial troubles and hard work. Her mania takes the form of a strong desire to destroy articles which she has formerly prized highly. She has burned clothing belonging to various members of her family; attempted to burn and finally consigned to the hog pen two feather beds which had been brought from Denmark and were family relics. She ruthlessly tears to pieces small packages like pictures and albums. At times she is sane and nothing has been done to restrain her from bringing about further and more dire destruction. Poverty and grief have unbalanced her mind and made her dangerous. She has a maniac's cunning in formulating plans for getting the family out of her way so that she may carry out her wild ideas of destruction.

A Double Asphyxiation.

Hugh Halpin and Charles Leaman of Scotia, were found dead at a hotel in Grand Island on Feb. 9. One of them gave a fictitious name and said the other was his brother, giving their residence as Billings, Mont., while later developments prove their home to be in or near Scotia. When the servant girl was about to enter the room she observed the bodies on the bed and rapidly retreated. A bell-boy was called and upon entering he found both dead on the floor with the gas freely turned on and the pipe dropping from the ceiling twisted and broken in two. Upon their clothing was found \$111 in cash and a subpoena summoning certain persons to appear before a justice in Scotia. When found both men were lying across the bed, their legs hanging down over the side. The bell boy upon showing them to their room had fully explained to them the use of gas. It may be that notwithstanding they made a mistake and in their excitement broke the gas pipe above the jet.

Board of Pharmacy Meets.

The Nebraska State Board of Pharmacy met in the Lindell Hotel at Lincoln and examined quite a number of applicants for certificates. The following members of the full board were present: J. C. Clark, Friend; A. W. Buehler; H. H. Barth; L. R. Gering; Plattsmouth; G. H. Barth; Lincoln; and G. F. Evans, Hastings. Persons examined and granted certificates were: John W. Bobisud, Howells; F. Edward Bax, Plattsmouth; Oscar P. Baumann, Fremont; Miss Emile H. Crunberg, Hampton; George N. Douglas, Hastings; George F. Fowler, Aurora; Peter G. Frandsen, Elba; J. Harry Hyton, Gresham; Homer A. Hansen, Platte Center; George D. Knapp, Verdon; E. H. Lewis, Fairfield; J. L. McDonald, Atkinson; Frank Nedela, Jr., Crete; Carl Speelman, Sutton; Cal. E. Wilkins, Syracuse; S. F. Woodard, Hampton. The next meeting will be held at Grand Island on the second Wednesday in May.

Boy Jumps from a Train.

Luke Dockhard, a boy about 17, jumped off a moving train at Fremont and sustained severe injuries. He fell on his face, breaking his nose, his right cheekbone and probably destroying the sight of one eye. Lockhard and a companion of about the same age were beating their way west on the freight. They said they had recently worked at Valley on a farm. The injured boy was taken to the hospital and his injuries attended to. He stated that his parents resided in Newcastle, Iowa, and a telegram was sent them informing them of the accident.

Horticulturists Meet.

The annual meeting of the Northeast Nebraska Horticultural Society occurred at the court house in Stanton. The attendance was a good light, but those present showed a rather interesting. Several good papers were read and discussed. J. H. Hadkin, Sr., G. D. Marshall, E. D. Hammond and others were present from abroad. The newly elected officers are: John Tannehill, president; George L. Allen, secretary; William Albert, treasurer. The summer meeting will occur at Arlington in connection with the state society.

Defeated the School Bonds.

A special election was held at Nebraska City to vote upon a proposition to issue \$25,000 bonds for the purpose of erecting a new high school building. The bonds were defeated by 100 votes.

Choose Dates for the Fair.

The managers of the Jefferson County Agricultural Society have selected September 7, 8, 9 and 10 as the dates of holding the twenty-second annual fair of the society.

Nebraska Short Notes.

The B. & M. is reouilding its stockyards at Riverton. The St. Edward Creamery will start up again March 1. Arrangements have been made to start up the Hampton Creamery. J. H. Pope of Merrick County had five fine horses burned in his stable recently. Peter Magnuson of Oakland, 72 years of age, was killed by falling from a load of hay.

Many Measures of More or Less Importance Being Introduced at the Present Session of the Golden Rod Legislature.

Wednesday.

The measure under consideration in the house on the morning of the 10th was house roll No. 145, which, in the original form, makes a severe cut in the salaries of county attorneys.

Work was inclined to drag in the senate, little outside of routine matters being undertaken. An attempt was made early in the morning hour to secure a week's adjournment in order to give the committees an opportunity to make the rounds of the state institutions.

Whereas, At the last election the people of this state elected to the state senate a majority pledged to certain lines of legislation and reform in the interests of the people; and

Resolved, That the standing committees of this body be requested to immediately report on any bills of this nature in their possession in order that the senate may have ample time to consider such bills that it may act honorably, wisely and for the best interests of all concerned.

Thursday.

The senate indulged in a very dull forenoon session, but in the afternoon the lobby and galleries were packed, while the most exciting debate of the session was in progress. The first round of the fight over the stock yards bill was fought in the afternoon and when time was called the decision rested with the opponents of the bill as reported by the committee on agriculture.

The clerk of the house read a communication on the 11th from the speaker of the South Dakota house of representatives asking that an enclosed joint resolution, passed by the South Dakota legislature, be also passed by the Nebraska legislature.

of 47 to 35, and the house stood adjourned until 10 a. m. Tuesday.

Friday.

The senate involved itself into the liveliest kind of a row over the valued policy law on the 12th. The contest arose over the report of the judiciary committee recommending that senate file No. 30, a bill introduced by Mr. Murphy of Gage, be indefinitely postponed.

Monday.

Although there was a bare quorum present Monday afternoon, the senate managed to put in most of the usual time in committee of the whole. Many senators had not reached the capital from their over-Sunday holiday, and consequently bills on general file having their names attached had to be passed over.

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CANEA IS BOMBARDED

GREEK CHRISTIANS ATTACK THE TURKS.

Garrison Puts Resigners to Flight After Both Sides Suffer Heavy Loss - Prince Berovitch Seeks Safety in Austria.

Shot and Shell Exchanged.

There has been hot fighting in Crete. More Greek troops have embarked at Piraeus for the rebellious island. Greek forces, under the command of Prince Nicolas, have started for Thessaly, and a Greek war ship has fired on a Turkish transport conveying soldiers of the Sultan to the Candia shores.

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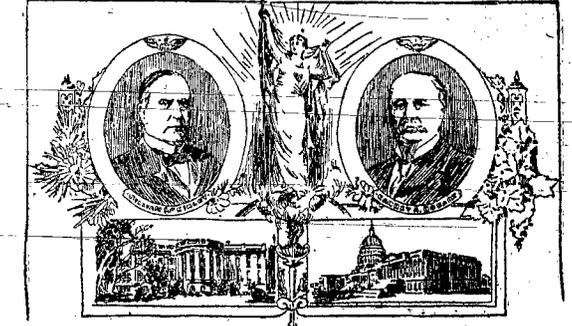
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FAC-SIMILE OF PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL BALL INVITATION.



WOMEN ARE GAINING.

Increase in Proportion of Women in Working Classes.

The eleventh annual report of the Department of Labor, transmitted to Congress by Commissioner Wright, relates entirely to the work and wages of men, women and children. It shows that the proportion of women to the whole working class is increasing, while that of children is decreasing.

From these figures it is seen that male employees 18 years of age or over increased in the present period over the former period 63.1 per cent, while female employees of the same age increased 60.3 per cent.

As collateral information an interesting showing is made of the figures of the last three censuses concerning the employment of women. The proportion of females 10 years of age and over employed in an occupation in the United States rose in its relation to the whole number employed from 14.68 per cent in 1870 to 17.22 per cent in 1890.

RUINOUS WASTE OF MONEY.

Congress Burns It at the Rate of Half a Billion a Year. A special to the New York World says: "The time is near at hand when the people will have to make the wholesale appropriations of public money a direct issue."

enough in itself, but the people could not realize the whole evil of this riotous expenditure until they began to realize that there seemed to be no way of checking it.

"We really need an express provision in the rules that would charge some one with the duty of protecting the taxpayers. That might be done in the House, but it is hopeless to think of correcting this evil in the Senate. Senatorial courtesy would absolutely forbid it. In the House there may be a volunteer who will consent to guard the treasury and drive back the plunderers."

Mr. Dockery when asked to give figures showing the increase in the cost of running the Government, said: "The average annual actual expenditures for each fiscal year from 1875 to 1888, inclusive, for the ordinary expenses of the Government, not counting payments on the public debt and payments out of postal revenues, were only \$267,363,714. The average for the same purposes from 1880 to 1896, inclusive, was \$348,437,490. That is, the average annual increase of expenditures in the last eight years has been \$90,573,785, or an aggregate increase of the stupendous sum of \$724,590,280 in eight years as compared with the preceding fourteen years."

These expenditures, counting in the postal outlays and the requirements of the public debt, call for about half a billion dollars each year—one-third of the whole volume of our money in actual circulation.



Gown to be worn by Mrs. McKinley at the inaugural ball.

CORN-BURNING STATISTICS.

An Official Investigation to Be Made by a Nebraska State Board. The Nebraska State Board of Transportation has been engaged for several days in collecting figures showing the number of farmers of the State who are now burning corn for fuel. The secretaries are also making an estimate of the quantity of cost which these corn burners would use if they could get it in exchange for the corn.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

A Week's Proceedings in the Halls of Congress—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—An Impartial Resume of the Business.

The National Solons.

The electoral votes of the forty-five States of the Union were formally counted at the joint session of the House and Senate held Wednesday for that purpose, and Vice President Stevenson proclaimed the election of McKinley and Hobart as President and Vice President respectively.

The House Thursday passed the fortifications appropriation bill with but a single amendment and made some headway with the postal appropriation bill. The major portion of the day was consumed in political debate on the financial question, which was precipitated by a provision in a bill providing for funding the debt of the territories.

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Thursday.

The senate indulged in a very dull forenoon session, but in the afternoon the lobby and galleries were packed, while the most exciting debate of the session was in progress. The first round of the fight over the stock yards bill was fought in the afternoon and when time was called the decision rested with the opponents of the bill as reported by the committee on agriculture.

The clerk of the house read a communication on the 11th from the speaker of the South Dakota house of representatives asking that an enclosed joint resolution, passed by the South Dakota legislature, be also passed by the Nebraska legislature.

NORTHROP & BÜRDICK,
ATTORNEYS at LAW
WAYNE, NEBR.

Office over the First National Bank.

GUY R. WILBUR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WAYNE, NEBR.

Office over Harrington & Robbin's General Merchandise Store.

A. A. WELCH
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WAYNE, NEBR.

Office over the Citizens' Bank.

M. H. DODGE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Wayne, Nebraska.

Office over the General Merchandise Store of Frank Weible. Attention given to Collections.

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one block west of the Presbyterian
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Land Loans and Insurance.
Conveyancing a Speciality.
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HUGH O'CONNELL'S
POOL and BILLIARD
HALL.
In Basement of Boyd Building.

THE CITIZENS' BANK.
INCORPORATED.
Capital and undivided Profits, \$100,000
A. L. Tucker, President; E. D. Mitchell, Vice
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Drafts on all Foreign Countries. Agents for
Cunard Line Steamship Tickets.
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BONDED ABSTRACTER.
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A. SCHWAERZEL
PROPRIETOR OF THE
WAYNE
SHOE SHOP
Boots and Shoes made to order. Workman
ship Guaranteed.
Wayne, Nebraska.

CITY LIVERY STABLE!
RICHARDS BROS., Proprietors.
GOOD RIGS
Furnished on Short Notice and
at Reasonable Rates.
Ferry Bros. old Stables, corner 1st and Pearl Sts.

ELI JONES,
PALACE LIVERY STABLE
On Second Street one-half
Block east of Main.
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

L. S. WINSOR'S
BLACKSMITH!
HORSE SHOING
A specialty, and all work guaranteed to
be first-class.
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Wayne Herald.
Entered at the Post Office at Wayne Nebraska
as second class mail matter.

W. H. McNEAL, Editor.

Member of the Northeastern Nebraska
Press Association

Official Paper of Town and County.

Largest Circulation of any Paper
in Wayne County.

Subscription, \$1.00 per Year.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

ADVERTISING RATES.
THE HERALD now has nearly 1000 circulation
and over 5000 readers. Its subscribers
reside mostly in Wayne county. A large advertising
medium it is not excelled by any weekly
paper in North Nebraska.

ADVERTISING RATES.
One column, one month \$8.00
Four inches double column, one month 4.00
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Legal advertising at legal rates. Extra
notices (5 insertions), \$3.00.
Subscription Rates: \$1.00 a year in advance.
For more particular information call on or
address: **THE HERALD,**
WAYNE, NEB.

On with the Trans-Mississippi Ex-
position and hanged be he who first cries,
hold, "nit."
The Corbett-Fitzsimmons mill occu-
pies a large space in the daily papers
during these dull times.

The annals of the incoming admin-
istration will begin to be felt about the
time of the Nebraska State fair.
Nevada is bound to increase her pop-
ulation if she has to fight for it, espe-
cially where little blood is spilled.

The man who has hens is a whole lot
better off than the man who has noth-
ing but a lot of corn. Raise hens.
Two bills have been introduced in
the Illinois State legislature making
war upon trusts. The trusts must go.

The nose of the pug sportsman points
to the westward as he scents the affray
in the mountains of Nevada. Carson
City is their fort.
The Greeks are not much on land
but they are long on sand and water.
In the meantime Uncle Sam should
step in and free Cuba.

The Nicaragua bill providing for the
construction of a canal across the
Isthmus of Panama, has been laid on
the shelf for this session of congress.

The Spanish might not be able to run
a bluff on Uncle Sam, but they might
run one of his blockades, as it was no
trick for the little Vesuvius to run the
blockade at Charleston, South Carolina,
Friday night.
The steel rail trust went to pieces
last week and in a very short time rails
dropped \$3.00 per ton. As a result the
railway building for the year promises
to almost reach that of the great year
1892. The trusts must go.

About the biggest hoodoo to the
farmers is the cattle trust; yet with
free trade all these things were to
vanish. Oh, yes, free trade is a lovely
antidote for the ills of the country, but
thank Heaven the day of reckoning is
coming.

The House, in committee of the
whole, passed a bill last week, requir-
ing district school teachers to teach
vocal music after July 1898. The bill
ought also to provide that each
school shall be supplied with a piano.
Music hath charms to soothe the
savage pop.

Those erstwhile republicans who for-
sook their party last fall and raised
their ebenezer in the populist camp, all
because they favored 16 to 1, are ex-
periencing sixteen woes and regrets to
one cause for congratulations, and
then they fail to find that one cause.
What have they gained?—York Times.

The Trans-Mississippi directors have
passed a resolution providing for the
following nine buildings, which will
constitute the nucleus around which
the minor buildings will be assembled:
Building No. 1, Agriculture, Horticul-
ture and Forestry; No. 2, Mines and
Mining; No. 3, Manufacturers and Lib-
eral arts; No. 4, Fine Arts; No. 5, Elec-
tricity and Machinery; No. 6, Auditor-
ium; No. 7, The Nebraska Building;
No. 8, Grand Army of the Republic
Building; No. 9, The Silver Palace.

The Times-Herald of Chicago easily
stands at the head of the great daily
press of this country. It is an inde-
pendent republican paper and con-
tributed largely to the nomination and
election of Wm. McKinley for presi-
dent. Its editor and proprietor, H. H.
Kohlsaat, was the man who succeeded
in having the gold clause placed in the
republican platform at St. Louis, which
led the party on to a glorious victory.
The Times-Herald was opposed to the
nomination of Tanner for governor of
Illinois, but the nomination of Altgeld
was still worse and the paper decided
to "take to the woods."

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Before the Marquette Club of Chicago,
which held its annual banquet in
celebration of Lincoln's birthday, Fri-
day, February 12th, Albert J. Beveridge
of Indiana, delivered one of the grand-
est of eulogies on the martyred Presi-
dent. It was one of the most eloquent
and learned addresses of the age. Mr.
Beveridge said in part:

"Measure present conditions and re-
cent events by Lincoln's thought and
method. The important thing today is
to prevent violent experiments and
violent agitation until readjustment to
natural conditions is achieved. The
important thing is to allay fear and
soothe unrest while a wise adminis-
tration gradually works along the lines of
conservatism back to a sound and
rational and American basis. We have
only to follow in the footsteps of Lin-
coln to accomplish this. That great
conservative always leaned upon the
conservatism of the plain people. And
by "the plain people" I mean what Lin-
coln meant—not those whom our later
demagogues call "the plain people"—
not the tramps, nor the improvident,
not even the insolvent merely, not the
professionally miserable, but those
whom wealth has not gangrened nor
poverty embittered; those who, every
twenty-four hours, contribute to the
world an honest day of toil; those who
take counsel of their hopes instead of
their hates; those from whose hearts
selfishness has not yet banished patri-
otism. He who labors with brain or
hand "deals justly, loves mercy, walks
humbly before God," and is loyal to the
flag, is one of "the plain people," be he
hod carrier or millionaire. But he who
apes an aristocracy because of his
wealth, or he who trifles with the honor
of the nation and the permanency of
free institutions because of his poverty,
is not one of the plain people whom
Lincoln loved and who constitute today
as then, the hope of this republic. * *
* * * Abraham Lincoln! It is a name
whose very sound is an appeal to all
the patriotic, conservative and sane
American citizens! in the name of Lin-
coln the republican party calls you to
its standard. You who fear extremes
—in the name of Lincoln the republi-
can party this day appeals to you. You
who believe in the omnipotence of nat-
ural laws, in gradual growth, in safe
development—in the name of Lincoln,
the philosopher of politics, his party
welcomes you. You who know that in
republics of Anglo-Saxon make there
can be no cause for revolutions—the
spirit of Lincoln, the conservative, bids
you this day take up your arms for
conservatism's party in conservatism's
cause. You who political religion is
the unity of the nation; you who be-
lieve that the flag of the Wilderness
and Yorktown's redoubt is sov-
ereign and supreme in every city, county,
state or section throughout the whole
republic, regardless of imaginary
boundary lines—in the name of the
greatest nationalist since Washington,
the party of the nation asks you to
march in its unconquerable ranks be-
neath the nation's flag.

"Our appeal is as wide as common
sense. To every citizen who under-
stands that the land must have a space
to breathe after its hard race with dis-
aster; that the highest patriotism now
is for all Americans to pull together
till the harbor of lost confidence is re-
gained; that our duty to our country
and ourselves is to bind and gag the
pirate agitation, who has almost taken
our ship of state; to all men who have
faith in the institutions of the fathers;
to all who believe that prosperity can-
not be purchased by prostituting the
nation's honor; to all who understand
that, in the outcome, sectionalism and
class hatred are anarchy and chaos; to
every thinking man who understands
that, for four years at least, partisan-
ship should cease and patriotism have
sole sway—who understands the simple
truth that agitation cannot possibly
work anything but harm while an ad-
ministration is working out the policy
the majority have preferred; to all citi-
zens of the republic who are not prej-
udice mad and party blinded; to all who
do not eat their bread by the business
of political disturbance; to all except
the assassins of nationality, the dynam-
iters of free institutions, the profes-
sional wailers of discontent and sooth-
sayers of disorder; to all who know that
if, like patriots, we all unite in holding
up the hands of President McKinley
he can more easily, quickly, surely land
us safe in port again; to all sensible,
sane, conservative and patriotic ele-
ments of the American people who
want prosperity, repose and peace, no
matter who shall bring it—the republi-
can party calls on you in Lincoln's
name, as he himself once called on
those same elements, and not in vain,
to rally to conservatism's cause, our
common country's flag above us, let
bygones be bygones, and little dif-
ferences die their death, and quibbles over
words be hushed, and all unite in show-
ing to a jealous world and an impartial
history that our misfortunes are but
passing dreams, and that our institu-
tions are as eternal as the stars, because
the heart of the plain people of the
American republic beats sound and
true to the principles of the immortal
one whose name is on our lips tonight."

Honesty in Party Politics.
The American Protective Tariff League
takes no active part in party machinery
or in personal politics, but this organi-
zation is deeply interested in the im-
provement of methods adopted by dif-
ferent political parties, and especially
by the Republican party, for the latter
represents the principles advocated by
this association. Honest methods must
be adopted by any political party if it
shall for a long period retain the confi-
dence of the people. The Republican
party is now supreme in the nation but
there are many sections where its gov-
ernment of itself is not by itself, but
rather by alleged leaders and bosses.
Whose fault is this. Very largely the
responsibility for the present condition
rests with the individual voter, who
takes little interest in party organiza-
tion and primary elections. No one
can blame an ambitious leader for tak-
ing advantage of the apathy of the peo-
ple and thus attaining individual sup-
remacy. How may this be changed?
Certainly not by one stroke of reforma-
tion, for reformation of this kind means
revolution. Honest representation of
the Republican party in its regular or-
ganization must prevail.—Economist.

There may be found in the above,
food for the consideration of the republi-
can party in Wayne county, if it has
a desire for future success.

Chicago has an endless number of
candidates who are willing to serve the
great city as Mayor.

It is a great game of bluff the sugar
and coffee trusts are playing these
days. However, coffee is sure to take
the pot.

It is about time to begin advertising.
The world has not yet come to an end,
but the end of the free trade adminis-
tration is rapidly approaching and you
should prepare to board the omnibus.

The State legislature, which by the
way, is two thirds fusionists, and all
the state officers are pops, has been in
session nearly two months and yet corn
has not increased in price. Why is
this thus?

Lincoln's birthday, February 12, was
appropriately observed in all the large
cities throughout the United States.
Had there been another Lincoln in the
presidential chair it is fair to presume
that the poor Cubans would have had
their independence by this time.

It is said that the state of Nevada has
been sold for thirty pieces of silver,
and yet a man who holds down a front
seat on the proscenium in the pugilistic
arena at Carson next month, will have
to "plank down" 20 sixteen to ones.

A Massachusetts lawyer has discov-
ered a method for lighting his country
estate with electricity by a common
windmill. What's the matter with
Wayne putting in a plant for the pur-
pose of lighting the city. The new
method is thoroughly practical. At
any rate the city has two or three
wind-mills that might be put to better
use.

Ballard's Horehound Syrup.
We guarantee this to be the best cough
syrup manufactured in the whole wide
world. This is saying a great deal but
it is true. For consumption, coughs,
colds, sore throat, sore chest, asthma,
pneumonia, bronchitis, croup, whoop-
ing cough and all diseases of the throat
and lungs, we positively guarantee Bal-
lard's Horehound Syrup to be without
an equal on the whole face of the globe.
In support of this statement we refer
to every individual who has ever used
it and to every druggist who has ever
sold it. Such evidence is indisputable.
Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by WILKINS
& Co.

FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY.
The new Muldoon's Plonic, one night
only, Saturday, February 20th. We
advise all lovers of good shows to turn
out and secure seats early in advance.
Seats on sale at usual place.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.
Are you bilious, constipated, or
troubled with jaundice, sick headache,
bad taste in mouth, foul breath, coated
tongue, dyspepsia, indigestion, hot dry
skin, pain in back and between the
shoulders, chills, fever, &c? If you
have any of these symptoms, your liver
is out of order, and your blood is slow-
ly being poisoned, because your liver
does not act promptly. HEARNE will
cure any disorder of the Stomach, Liver
or Bowels. It has no equal as a liver
medicine. Price 75 cents. Sold by
Wilkins & Co.

WOULDN'T YOU Rather own
your own
home, than pay out rent month after
month when we can sell you a good
seven room house up near the Public
Schools for \$1,000, by paying down \$100
cash and getting the balance on month-
ly payments. If this does not suit you
call at our office and we will show you
something on just as easy terms.

CITY MEAT MARKET!
J. H. GOLL, Prop'r.
Will keep First-Class Meats
Always on Hand.
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Attention!
Citizens
AND Farmers!
Your attention is called
to our large stock of
NEW LUMBER
The very best
kinds of
HARD AND SOFT COAL,
All varieties of Farm
Implements and Wagons.
A Beautiful Calendar for '97 FREE at our Office.
PHILLEO & SON,
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Central Meat Market.
FRED VOLPP, Prop.
BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, SMOKED BEEF
Hams, Shoulders and Bacon.
Highest Market Price Paid for Hides, Pelts and Furs, also Poultry

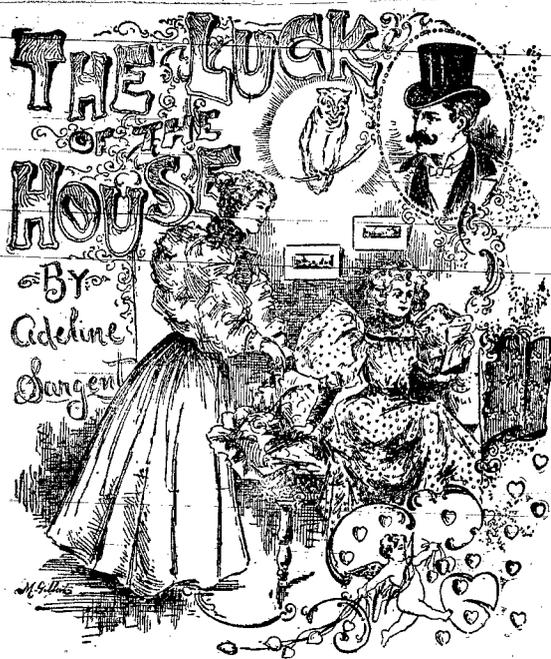
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THE
Wayne
Druggists,
Carry the finest and most complete assortment and the
latest and handsomest designs in
WALL PAPER
that you have ever gazed upon. We also handle a
choice line of
Stationery and Perfumes.
Prices low. Come and see us before you buy. Prompt
and careful attention given to filling prescriptions.

L. O. MEHUS, Successor to Olof Stone.
Merchant Tailor!
New Suitings
Constantly Arriving
Workmanship First-class and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WM. PIEPENSTOCK
Manufacturer of and
Dealer in
Harness
Saddlery.
I use the best Oak Stock only,
and guarantee all stock and work
in the manufacture of my goods.
Fine Carriage Trimming a Specialty.

A BURNING QUESTION!
COAL!
PEAVEY ELEVATOR COMPANY.
All the Best Grades of Hard and
Soft Coal at the Lowest Prices.
T. F. BESWICK, Agent. Wayne.

The First National Bank!
Wayne, Nebraska.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$90,000.00.
J. M. STRAHAN, President, FRANK M. NORTHROP, Vice President.
H. F. WILSON, Cashier, NATHAN ORAOR, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS:—J. M. Strahan, Frank E. Strahan, George Rogart, John T. Premier,
Frank M. Northrop, Frank Fuller and H. F. Wilson.



CHAPTER XII.—(Continued.)

The spring came on apace, and with one of the earliest fine days Lady Valencia Gilderoy made her appearance at Torrens-

mit. She had not visited it of late, and in spite of Stella's want of friendly feeling for her at first sight, Lady Val's calls had been very much missed by Mrs. Moncrieff.

Lady Val was so bright, so full of energy, so amusing, that Stella had been attracted half against her will. And she was unfeignedly glad, therefore, to see her visitor.

"Alan is away," said Stella, with a faint smile. "And Mollie and Bertie are out together somewhere. I had a headache, I believe, and wanted to be lazy."

Lady Val nodded significantly. "A headache! I've no doubt of it. I should think Mollie keeps your hands full. She's a troublesome monkey. I know her of old."

The color came at once to Stella's cheek. "She's a very dear girl," the stepmother responded, warmly.

"She is a very pretty one, Mrs. Moncrieff. And she looks as old as you do yourself—especially since she has taken to long dresses and elaborate coils of hair. A girl of that sort attracts admirers very soon."

Again there was that significance in Lady Valencia's voice. Mrs. Moncrieff drew herself up with a slight, unconscious air of dignity.

"I dare say," she answered, with some stiffness of manner. And then, with a relaxing smile, "Poor Mollie is hardly to blame for that, Lady Valencia."

"My dear creature, did I say that she was to blame?" cried Lady Val. "Do excuse me, Mrs. Moncrieff. I don't wish to be rude, or to take liberties; but you see I have known Mollie all her life, and I can't help feeling interested in her. I know you will hate me if I say what I came intending to say; and yet I don't know what else to do. You wouldn't rather than I went straight to Mr. Moncrieff, would you?"

Stella looked at her in dismay. "Do you mean that there is anything to be told—anything wrong? Is she asked to marry?"

"It may not be wrong; it may be all right," said Lady Val, hesitatingly. "All I can tell is, that people will soon begin to gossip, if their question is not begun already. To ask a plain question is Mollie engaged to be married?"

"Mollie! she is only a child. Certainly not."

"A child! Well, she's a very big child. Mrs. Moncrieff, she is seventeen, isn't she? Not much younger than yourself, you know, after all. And if she isn't engaged, it is time that somebody looked after her, for I don't think she's able to look after herself."

"You mean," said Stella, changing color sensitively, "that I am not looking after her?"

"I don't mean anything of the kind. Everybody knows that you are a model stepmother. But—do you know Tomgarrow?"

"The little half-deserted village up the hill? Yes, I go there sometimes to see old Mrs. Cameron. What about it?"

"And you send Mollie up sometimes to see Mrs. Cameron, don't you?" said Lady Val, with a shrewd look. "Well, I wouldn't send her there again—unless I were you. That's all. I felt it my duty to give you that hint, although, as I said, I know you'll hate me for doing so."

She hurried away, divining that Stella would like to be alone; but she did not guess the action upon which Mrs. Moncrieff instantly resolved as soon as her visitor was gone.

In five minutes after Lady Val's departure Stella was walking quickly up the road which led to the tiny and half-deserted hamlet of which her visitor had spoken. She reached Tomgarrow, and there a full sense of the difficulty of her errand rushed upon her. But she might as well ask at one of the cottages if Miss Moncrieff had been there that afternoon. And even as she thought of this the sound of voices fell oddly upon her ears. She turned instinctively in the direction of the sound.

A high wall blocked up the view. She skirted it slowly, still listening for the voices which now were still. Coming out on the other side she saw two figures leaning against the wall as if sheltering from the cold east wind. A wide sandy, shaly tract of country lay before them; and not another living creature was in sight. Mollie Moncrieff was smiling up into the face of a tall, dark man, who had put his arm round her, and was holding her to his breast. It seemed as if he had been going to kiss her; but when Stella appeared at the extremity of the sheltering wall, he quitted his hold of the girl somewhat abruptly.

No wonder that she was startled. No wonder, perhaps, that she was even more startled than himself, for in the person of Mollie's lover she saw the man whom she herself had once dreamed of marrying—the man who had cast her off because she was not rich enough for him to choose, the unscrupulous fortune-hunter—John Hannington.

CHAPTER XIII.

Molly, who did not see Stella at once—no, indeed, until Hannington's sudden change of expression showed her that there was something wrong—turned sharply round and uttered a cry of positive rage.

"There! I told you so!" she exclaimed. "She is always spying after me—watching me—prying into all my affairs! And now she has followed me here. Oh, what shall I do? Jack, dear Jack, save me from her! I know that she'll betray us!"

And the girl hid her face on Mr. Hannington's shoulder, and clung to him, as if she feared that Stella would drag her away by force.

"Don't be afraid, my darling!" said Hannington. Was it Stella's fancy, or did his eyes light up with a gleam of positive triumph, his lips curl with a vindictive smile? "Mrs. Moncrieff is the last person to do us an injury; you may depend upon that." And he calmly raised his hat from his head with an assumption of elaborate courtesy which could scarcely, under the circumstances, have been genuine.

Stella came forward, her face pale, but resolute.

"Molly," she said, quietly, "you know very well that I wish only for your good. Come away with me, and you can explain to me afterward what all this means. Mr. Hannington will also, no doubt, explain to Mr. Moncrieff—if he can."

She looked at Hannington with defiance and mistrust in her eyes, which he could not fail to understand.

"I shall explain, when necessary," said he, coolly; "but I shall probably take my own time for doing so, Mrs. Moncrieff."

"My husband will be home to-night. I shall of course tell him what I have seen and heard."

Molly suddenly burst into tears. Mr. Hannington caught her hand and drew her toward him. "Run away home, Molly," he said, kissing the girl's forehead lightly, and giving her hand a squeeze. "I want to have a little chat with Mrs. Moncrieff, and I think we shall manage to arrange the matter."

"Yes, Molly, go home," said Stella, quietly. "I want a little conversation with Mr. Hannington, too."

Molly murmured rebelliously; but a look and a word from John Hannington sent her off without delay. She turned and took the path across the fields—it was the nearest way home, but also the least frequented.

"You need not be afraid for her," said Hannington. "She has an escort at hand. Some one is waiting for her at the stile—Bertie."

Stella gave him a reproachful look. "Mr. Hannington," she spoke, "I did not think that you would seek out Molly, of all people in the world, to turn her head by your attentions, and then—perhaps—to break her heart."

"As I did yours?" said Hannington, coolly. "Is that what you mean to imply, Mrs. Moncrieff?"

"Mr. Hannington, I am Alan Moncrieff's wife, and I am surprised that you should forget it so far as to insult me."

Mr. Hannington laughed again. "Come," he said, "don't be so hot, Stella. I didn't mean to insult you in the least. I am very glad indeed that you are Moncrieff's wife, and—hope that years of uninterrupted prosperity lie before you. Moncrieff is rather a stiff old fellow, isn't he? A little apt to be overpunctilious—a trifle jealous and suspicious? That used to be his character, I know, when his first wife was alive."

"I wished to speak to you about Miss Moncrieff, but about my husband, Mr. Hannington."

"Very well. Then we will speak about Miss Moncrieff. I will tell you my intentions respecting her. Molly is very fond of me. All I want now is admittance to your house, permission to see her now and then, and your assistance in gradually inducing Mr. Moncrieff to consent to the marriage. That is all."

"And do you think that Mr. Moncrieff will ever consent to it when he knows that you have persuaded his daughter to meet you here in a clandestine way, and have made the love to her secretly without his permission?"

"No, I don't," was the frank reply. "But then, I don't want him to know anything about it, don't you see? Nobody will tell him, if you don't."

"But I must! I shall!"

"Just so. And if you do, are you under the impression that I shall not defend myself? There would be nothing at all remarkable in Moncrieff's eyes in your opposition to the marriage if I hinted to him that you had had a previous attachment, and that no woman likes to see herself supplanted—and so on—he would be ready enough to believe that you found it impossible to be magnanimous—no doubt—and it would be a pleasant little piece of news to her, perhaps, that his wife had once written very pretty and affectionate love letters before her marriage to another man!"

"You would not tell him that?" she asked.

"I would not tell him that," she said.

murmured, almost below her breath. She was too much startled to be prudent.

"But indeed I would. Let me have my own way about Molly or I will send him your letters. You can choose."

He watched her white, quivering face with a faint, furtive smile; he felt very certain that he would ultimately gain his point.

"It is growing late," he said at last, "and this is a matter which possibly requires a little consideration. Perhaps you would rather give me your answer to-morrow, Mrs. Moncrieff? I take it for granted that you won't spring the matter on your husband the moment he comes home to-night? That would be rather too unkind. To-morrow afternoon, shall we say?"

CHAPTER XIV.

Stella consented to the delay. It seemed to her that it would be better to talk to Molly before doing anything else, and that perhaps Molly's own anxiety to clear herself from double-dealing might simplify the matter. So she said very gravely that she would postpone further conversation till the morrow. "And then," queried Hannington, "will you meet me here?" She hesitated and her lip quivered. It seemed to her almost as if she were deceiving Alan Moncrieff by consenting to meet John Hannington in private. But there was no other way out of the difficulty. And so, very reluctantly, she consented to meet him next day at five o'clock in the afternoon.

Molly proved inexorable. She would not acquaint her father with the fact that she had a lover, and thus Stella was obliged to keep her appointment with John Hannington.

She had some difficulty in making her way to Tomgarrow at the appointed time; but fortunately, the visitors who arrived inopportunely at four o'clock did not stay very long, and she reached her rendezvous at a quarter past five. She found Mr. Hannington looking remarkably patient and at ease; he was leaning against the wall smoking a cigar.

Stella's eyes glowed, but she said quietly:

"I hope you have made up your mind to go to Mr. Moncrieff yourself, Mr. Hannington."

"No, indeed, I have not. It is the last thing I intend to do at present," said Hannington. "My dear Mrs. Moncrieff, you are making much ado about nothing. I have not the least desire to destroy your domestic happiness, and you know it would be destroyed once and for all if I showed your husband those little documents, unless you had previously confessed the existence of which it seems you must take measures to protect myself. Let us compromise the matter a little. If, at the end of a week I have not spoken to Mr. Moncrieff and formally proposed for Molly's hand, then tell him what you choose. Grant me a week's respite, and I'll reserve the fetters—perhaps I will even burn them; but give me a week."

"A week—why a week?" said Stella, hesitatingly.

"For deliberation—consideration of my affairs; all that sort of thing. Just one week—and then the whole thing shall be cleared up."

"Will you promise not to see Mollie during that time?"

Hannington reflected. "Well," he said, with some reluctance, "I will promise if you desire it. Yes, Mrs. Moncrieff, I promise."

Stella sighed. "I don't know," she said, "whether I ought to yield this point; but if you will promise not to see her again, nor write, and at the end of the week to speak to Mr. Moncrieff, I will keep silence—until then—but only until then."

"I will not see her again. I will not write, unless my letters go through the authorities' hands. I will let Mr. Moncrieff know everything by the end of the week. Isn't that enough?" said Hannington, laughing rather oddly. "What a diplomatist you would make, Stella! Come, you need not be offended, if he continued, as he saw her color and frown. "You gave me permission to call you Stella once, you know."

Was it by design that he said those words so clearly? It was at that very moment that Stella saw two gentlemen approaching her; they had turned the corner of the wall just as John Hannington spoke; it would be a miracle if they had not heard what he said. Stella's face flushed crimson, and then became white with dismay; for the new-comers were no other than Ralph Kingscott and her husband, Alan Moncrieff. She was speechless with amazement; she felt that she looked like a culprit, and that haughty astonishment was written on every line of her husband's handsome face.

(To be continued.)

"How Shall Ye Escape?"

The Scripture may be a dangerous weapon to put into the hands of those who pervert their meaning, either intentionally or through want of understanding. Every one has heard how Lorenzo Dow, having resolved to preach a sermon against women's tall bonnets, took for his text the words, "Popinot, come down!" which he had ingeniously perverted from the lines: "Let him which is on the housetop not come down."

Less artful than this, but not quite so amusing, was the unconscious error made by a young student of theology at Wilbraham seminary, whose case was recently related by an old divine. The student went out one Saturday to preach his trial sermon. When he returned Monday the venerable Doctor X. said to him:

"Well, how did you get along?"

"Oh, very well, I thought."

"Glad to hear it. What was your text?"

"How shall we escape if we neglect so great salvation?"

"Very good text—very good text. How did you handle it?"

"Well, first I showed them how great this salvation was—"

"That's right. And then?"

"And then I told them how they might escape if they neglected it!"

Cheated Him.

"You said you'd give me a nice room if I paid my board here," complained the embezzler to the warden of the jail, "but you've cheated me. It's a regular cell."—New York World.

Somehow or other a man never comes out even on his wedding night.

GEORGE WASHINGTON. Born Feb. 22, 1732; President of the United States 1789-1797; Died Dec. 14, 1799.



He lived and wrought but for his country's weal And left us Freedom's priceless heritage. Like Cincinnatus in the storied page, He quit the plowshare for the clash of steel. A modest patriot, fired with holy zeal, Despising danger and the soldier's wage Victorious in war, in peace a sage.

His virtues to all virtuous hearts appeal. The land to-day hath need of such as he, In place of pigmies filled with love of self; When civic honor, duty, by-words-be, And unrestrained reigns the power of self. Against a tyrant's rule he led revolt; What son of his shall forge the modern bolt?

GREELY ON WASHINGTON.

The Man Washington Will Remain at the Apex of American Manhood.

"These articles have filled in their object if they do not tend to inculcate in the minds of American youth the importance of will-power and right aspirations to the complete development of the individual," writes Gen. A. W. Greely, concluding, in the Ladies' Home Journal, his series of papers on "The Personal Side of Washington." "What are the salient changes wrought by these forces in the evolution of the man George Washington? For money his indomitable will sacrificed to the exigencies of harsh labor and ungenial surroundings the pleasures of home life. Later, his noble aspirations valued gold only as a means of serving his country, of alleviating suffering, and of extending charity. Rising in an aristocratic community to the apex of its social system he then eagerly offered his assured standing and acquired fortune in order to insure civic and religious liberty to all grades of society. Brutality and cruelty marked the contests of his earlier day; in his mature years he was one of the most humane warriors of any age. The brooding curse of slavery imposed upon him traffic in human lives; later he rose above the race prejudices of his time, and by his individual action forestalled by sixty years that inevitable goal of individual freedom, which futurity deferred for America to another century. His religious surroundings and youthful habits were such as have sapped the better character of thousands. Yet he came to recognize that his own evolutionary progress was no safe guide to humanity; but that the only sure road to that pointed out by religious faith and assimilated action, through the by-paths of sobriety, industry, charity and right living. The time may come when experts can question the superiority of Washington as a general, or the entire wisdom of his policy as President. But, fortunately for his fame, there is only one standard by which the whole world measures an individual, and it is certain that so long as equity, honesty and charity are deemed the highest attributes of human nature, so long will the man George Washington remain at the apex of American manhood."

Washington Sometimes Despondent.

It is the fashion to speak of all who have succeeded in writing their names high in history's page as though they never gave way to the temptation to be despondent. Yet if the facts could only be known it is the very men who have within themselves the ability to finally win the victory that are apt at times to become most deeply involved in the sloughs of despond. Washington himself was subject to periods of the most intense depression, as witness this passage from a letter to a friend, written at Valley Forge:

"The history of the war is a history of false hopes and temporary expedients. Would to God they were to end here."

In another letter he said, after a most gloomy recital of the reasons he had for being low spirited:

"To me it will appear miraculous if our affairs can maintain themselves much longer in their present train."

But Washington possessed the power of recovering from these fits of the blues and of putting forth every effort, after they were over, as if they had never fallen to his lot, and therein lay the true secret of his final triumph and his imperishable glory.

Washington's Farming Operations.

Washington inherited Mount Vernon in 1769 from his half-brother, Lawrence Washington, who died in 1757. This brother had a daughter Sarah, who was heiress to the estate, but she died two

years later and the property then reverted to George, who was then just 27 years old. The estate then comprised less than 3,000 acres; but soon after he came into possession he added 5,500 acres by purchase, which gave him ten miles of river front. Then began the system of improvements and cultivation which subsequently made Mount Vernon the most valuable landed property in Virginia. He drained the land wherever needed, he rotated crops, got the best farm implements then in existence, built and repaired fences, had his grist mill, his own distillery, had his own smithy for repairing tools, his own carpenter shop, looms, and he built scores of houses and cabins for his slaves. His five farms ranged from 1,000 to 2,000 acres each, and each farm had its overseer and its allotment of negroes and stock.

Ode for Washington's Birthday.

Welcome to the day returning, Dear star! still as ages flow, While the torch of Faith is burning, Sing as Freedom's altars glow? See the hero that it gave us, Slumbering on a mother's breast; For the arm he stretched to save us, Be its more fervent best!

Hear the tale of youthful glory, See the child of Britain's rescued band, Friend and foe repeat the story, Spread his fame o'er sea and land; Where the red cross, proudly streaming, Where the golden lilies, gleaming, Star, the watch towers of Quebec.

Look! the shadow on the dial Marks the beam of desolator strife; Days of terror, years of trial, Lo, the youth became her Leader! All her baffled tyrant yield; Through his arm the Lord has freed her; Crown him on the tented field.

Val is empire's mad temptation; Not for him an earthly crown; He whose sword hath freed a nation Strikes the offered scepter down. See the throneless conqueror seated, Enter by the patriot's choice; Hear the father's dying voice.

By the name that you inherit, By the sufferings you recall, Chorus the fraternal spirit; Love your country first of all; Listen not to the service of a King; If its bands may be united; Doubt the patriot whose suggestions Whisper that its props may slide.

Father! we whose ears have tingled With the words of doubt and shame; We whose sword hath freed a nation In the battle's thunder-fame; Gathering while this holy morn'ning Lights the land from sea to sea, Hear thy counsel, heed thy warning; Trust us, while we honor thee;— Oliver Wendell Holmes.

An Unsafe Criterion.

A story is going the rounds which illustrates the vanity of estimating numbers by noise. It sets forth that a Yankee once went to a hotel where he tried and liked a dish of frogs' legs—for which, however, he had to pay a large price.

"What makes you charge so much for 'em?" he asked the landlord.

"Because they are scarce," answered the hotel-keeper.

"Scarce!" exclaimed the Yankee, "why, I'll agree to get you a million of 'em."

"Agreed," said the landlord; "if you bring me a million I'll find a market for them."

"All right—I'll have 'em by to-night, happy in the confirmation of our independence and sovereignty, and pleased with the opportunity afforded the United States to become a respectable nation. I resign with satisfaction the appointment I accepted with diffidence—a diffidence in my abilities to accomplish the task which has been happily superseded by a confidence in the rectitude of our cause, the support of the supreme power of the union, and the patronage of heaven. The necessary cessation of the war has verified the most sanguine expectations, and my gratitude for the interposition of Providence in this august hour, under general I should do injustice to my own feelings not to acknowledge, in this place,

"Where are the rest of the million?" asked the landlord.

"Well, to tell the truth," answered the Yankee, "I formed my judgment of the number by the noise!"

HAD A BATTLE WITH A RAT.

Louisville Railroad Man Thought He Had the Rodent Dead To Rights.

The time was when Bob Mitchell, a Louisville and Nashville Railroad employe, had no more fear of a rat than does a terrier. That was before yesterday. Now he has as much dread of rats and mice as a maiden lady with out her bodyguard of tabbies. He was engaged in cleaning out an old room yesterday at First and the river, when his eye happened to rest on one of the dark corners in the room. Two bright beadlike eyes flashed out in the darkness at him. They were followed by the body of a rodent, which Mitchell now swears was as big as a Scotch collie.

Mitchell sidled around the edge of the room with a broom uplifted. The rat ran toward him and Mitchell brought the broom down with a resounding whack. Of course the rat was not under it—Mitchell took up his position in front of the hole from which the rat came, waiting for it to seek its quarters. The big rodent ran excitedly around the room, but could find nothing to hide under, so it made a bee-line for the hole. Mitchell danced about with his broom aloft and exclaimed with delight: "Now I've got you."

He did not get the rat. Right up the leg of his trousers it ran. As the big rat climbed up his leg, Mitchell dropped the broom.

"Wow! wow! wow!" he yelled, like a Comanche, and he beat the side of his leg with his hands. The rat squeaked and bit, while Mitchell danced about with his broom aloft. He finally caught the rat in a handful of his trousers and squeezed the life out of the vicious little animal.

His leg smarted and burned. When he made an examination, he found that the rat had buried its sharp teeth into his flesh in several places, from which the blood was flowing freely. He had the wounds dressed, but there are grave fears that the wounds may result in blood poisoning.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Millet's Wife.

The immediate cause of Millet's ceasing to be a painter of the nude, which sold—more or less—and kept his family from starvation, was a conversation which he overheard in Paris. But the support in this crisis of his life—which sent him to Barbizon—and during the ghastly privations of the next twenty-five years, came from his wife, a peasant of Normandy like himself. The anecdote of the wife's cheerful decision on the eventful night in Paris, was a prominent place in Mrs. Henry Ady's recent book on Millet.

Millet had lavished all his skill on the modelling of Hagar's form, and intended the whole to be a striking study of the nude. Suddenly, when the picture was almost finished, he changed his mind and stopped short.

For one evening, as he stood before the lighted window of Deforgue's shop, he happened to see two young men looking at one of his own pastels—a drawing of a woman bathing, which he had lately sold. One youth asked the other who had painted this picture. His companion replied, "A man named Millet, who never paints anything but naked women."

The words were a shock. His friends had often admired his nude figures and praised his skill in flesh-painting. But never until that moment had he realized that his reputation as an artist depended on this kind of work. He went home that evening and said to his wife:

"If you consent, I will paint no more of these. Life will be harder than ever, and you will suffer; but I shall be free and able to do what I have long dreamed of."

The brave woman replied, "I am ready. Do as you will."

Musical Recitation.

Although the Quakers as a sect do not favor music, regarding it as a profitless amusement indulged in by the world's people, there are occasionally stories told which show that the love of music sometimes steals its way into a Quaker household in spite of discipline.

George Thompson, the famous English abolitionist, while lecturing on the abolition of slavery in the British provinces, stopped one night with a Quaker family. He was a great lover of music, and at that time was a good singer.

During the evening he sang "Oft in the Still Night," which was listened to with the closest attention.

In the morning his Quaker hostess appeared somewhat uneasy; she wished her the song again, but it would hardly do, she thought, for her to request its repetition. At last, however, her desire overcame her scruples.

"George," she said with a faint pink color in her soft cheeks, "will they repeat the words of last evening in thy usual manner?"

Love Up a Tree in Fiji.

Billing and cooing among the Fijians is a curious feature in their social customs. It is decidedly against the rule to do any courting within doors. The gardens or plantations are the spot held sacred to Cupid, and the generally approved trysting place of lovers is high up among the branches of a bread fruit tree. You may often walk round a plantation on a moonlight night and see couples perched forty feet from the ground in the bread fruit trees, one on each side of the trunk, a position which comes fairly within the limits of a Fijian maiden's ideas of modesty.

"Don't you think football is a terrible sport?" asked Miss Northside of her escort.

"Well, replied the young man, "I will admit that it is a hair-raising game."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.



peculiar services and distinguished merits of the gentlemen who have been attached to the staff of the army, and the choice of confidential officers to compose my family should have been more fortunate. Permit me, sir, to recommend in particular those who have continued in the service to the present moment, as worthy of the favorable notice and patronage of Congress. I consider it an indispensable duty to close this last act of my official life by commending to the protection of Almighty God and those who have the superintendence of them to His holy keeping. Having now finished the work assigned me, I retire from the great theater of action and, bidding an adieu to the honors and emblems of my country, I have no longer acted, I here offer my commission and take my leave of all the employments of public life. Washington's speech resigning his commission as General of the army, delivered Dec. 23, 1783, at Annapolis, Md.

Bankrupt Prices

On The Corbit Stock.

Shoes at cost and some less than cost to close out quick.

\$5.00 Shoes for \$2.98
4.00 and \$4.50 Shoes \$2.00
50 pairs Shoes worth \$1.75, \$2.00 and up to \$2.50 for \$1.00

Dress Goods

At less than half prices. All of the Corbit Stock, consisting of fine Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Shirts, Overalls, Pants, Dress Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Silks, Dress Trimmings, Towels and Table Linen, etc. etc., will be sold

REGARDLESS OF COST

or value, to make room for new goods which are arriving daily. Times are hard and money scarce—We are in a position to save you money. Respectfully Yours.

WILDER & CO., Wayne.

Corbit's Old Stand, 1st Door East of P. O.

..A Furnace

FOR \$30.00

Is something almost unheard of in the history of heating but we have been making a Splendid Economical Furnace for that money for three years with a steadily increasing business. Over thirty of them in use in the city of Norfolk and every one of them working satisfactorily. We make them in three sizes—small enough for a cottage or large enough for a church or store building. It does not make any difference whether your house was arranged for it when it was built or not. If you want to heat the second story of your house and do not want the large hot air pipes going to the upstairs through your rooms, we will heat the second story with one of our combination Hot Water and Hot Air Furnaces. We will give you net price on your heating plant complete. All you need to do is to "touch the button." Correspondence solicited.

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GREAT SALE

—OF—

POLAND CHINA HOGS!

W. J. White will, on the 5th day of March, next, sell at Public Auction a large number of Thoroughbred

Poland China Hogs.

This will be a great opportunity for all persons wishing to raise thoroughbred stock. Remember the date of the sale.

Friday, March 5th, 1897.

EDUCATIONAL RALLY.

A Two Days Session Held at the Presbyterian Church with a Large Attendance.

The Rally opened on Friday evening at the Presbyterian church with a large crowd in attendance.

The first number was a quartette by Mesdames Harrison and Utter and Messrs Keller and Cook.

Mr. Howard then introduced Prof. F. M. Fling of the State University, who was to speak on the subject of history.

Prof. Fling introduced his address with a few words concerning the State University, its work and its need of recognition by the people. He declared that he represented, not the Lincoln University but the University of Nebraska.

Continuing, he opened his subject with a definition of history, which he presented as "The Science that treats of Man in his evolution as a social being." "The study of history," continued Mr. Fling, "has been confined too much to individuals and not enough to nations. The need of the present day in the teaching of history is to leave Kings and their actions, and in their place to study the entire social life of man. In the study of history from sources there are four steps, viz: The preparatory step in which the student is required to study all that is possible from the source at hand, taking notes therefrom; second, the drawing out step or the discussion in the class room; third, the making of an out line as a basis for a narrative; and last the narrative itself."

Prof. Fling's lecture was followed by another selection by the quartette, which closed the program of the evening. On Saturday morning the attendance was small on account of the inclemency of the weather. The exercises were opened with a duette by Misses Kortright and Ludeke. Following Mr. Howard introduced Prof. Hoosic of the State Normal School at Peru. Prof. Hoosic is an entertaining talker, and aroused great interest in his subject of Literature. He first impressed upon his hearers the fact that reading and literature are the same thing and interchangeable. Reading is the underlying subject, the avenue to all subjects, and in not being able to read lies the difficulty with many a pupil. He closed with an appeal to the teachers to make themselves, and through themselves, their pupils, lovers of the best, purest and highest of literature.

Following this was a paper by E. Cunningham on "Spelling, the Lost Art." He treated his subject somewhat from the standpoint of an editor, and showed how rarely a perfect manuscript comes into the hands of the compositor; that the last named individual was, in his special line, almost invariably the superior of the talented contributor.

In a few words D. C. Main, who followed with a discussion, showed that the modern practice is too much cramming to leave room for reading and spelling. He closed with an appeal for the keeping of our language pure and beautiful.

After a selection by a quartette of High School girls, the subject, "Do the Schools teach the pupil to think?" was taken up by A. P. Childs.

"We allow too much guessing in our spelling classes," said Mr. Childs, "too much text-book and not enough thought, too much machine work and not enough originality, too much forcing and not enough of the 'three R's'." In the discussion following E. C. Park, J. M. Pile and J. G. Haupt, of Dakota City, each expressed ideas on this important topic.

After listening to the reports of the local managers of the Reading Circle work, the session closed with music by the 9th and 10th grades.

At the afternoon session we listened first to a selection by the quartette. Following was a Round Table conducted by Prof. Hoosic. Some points:

A taste for literature is like a taste for celery; it must be cultivated. The teaching of literature should begin at five years.

A classic contains truth that will live through all ages. No reading lesson should be assigned unless it has a point.

Education is to make men and women able to get all out of life that God has put there, and if we are not in the school room to do this we should not be there.

After a solo by Prof. Keller, the subject, "What shall be done with pupils who do not enter the High School?" was thoroughly discussed by Prof. U. S. Conn and G. W. Husted. 92 per cent of the children never get beyond the common schools.

After a solo by Miss Mae Cunningham, J. A. Collins of Fremont, implored us to take the advice of the owner of a Western dance-hall who posted up the notice—"Don't shoot the musicians; they are doing their best." He promised to do his best and be certainly did. He said: "We change teachers too often. To many are in the profession without loving it; they are like the man who told his wife that he loved her; having promised to love her he would if it killed him. Don't be afraid to get close to the children. He was followed by Mrs. James Brit-

ton who, by some reminiscences of the past, showed what a teacher of the present should be.

The session closed with music by the quartette.

The lectures on Lowell by Prof. Hoosic, Saturday evening, was listened to by an appreciative audience, many of the teachers remaining to hear it. A beautiful solo by Mae Cunningham and music by the High School added to the evening's entertainment.

This closed the meetings of the Association and we feel sure the teachers will all go back to their schools with better motives, higher aspirations and new encouragement in their work.

The HERALD is indebted to Frank Nangle for the above report.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PLUM CREEK.

Received to late for last week.

Henry Pfluger is hauling lumber for a new corn crib.

Charles Nelson has just completed a new corn crib.

A wolf hunt is talked of to take place in the near future.

John Watts has sold part of his corn to John Liveringhouse.

John Johnson spent Saturday and Sunday with Leslie friends.

Miss Anna Merton came home Saturday to visit with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Merton visited over Sunday with La Porte friends.

Miss Jennie Buskirk was the guest of Miss Gertie Worth, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Gertie Buskirk spent a few days last week the guest of Miss Maggie Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. Chiohester just returned from a short visit with relatives at Laurel.

Miss Susie Eimer of Leslie, was visiting with her sister, Mrs. John Leuk last week.

Sam Liveringhouse spent a few days last week with his cousin, Wes, Bonawitz, of Hoskins.

Chris Hansen and Miss Mae Bona-witz of Hoskins, were visiting Plum Creek relatives the latter part of last week.

Ed McManigal and Peter Witt have returned from South Dakota with feeding cattle, each bringing back over 100 head.

February 15.
Lots of fun on the Creek at present. S. K. West is feeding a nice lot of calves.

Charles Nelson will move to Wauasa in the spring.

Born—To Chas. Worth and wife, Saturday, Feb. 13, a girl.

John Johnson is going to work the Sellberg farm this year.

Charles Nelson has cribed his corn to hold for better prices.

Chas. Gildersleeve who has been on the sick list is slowly improving.

Gas Seelmeyer says he is not going to bacho. Wonder what he intends to do?

An infant child of Mr. Kay's was buried in the Lutheran cemetery Monday.

Philip Saul and wife and Albert Doring have returned from a visit to Iowa friends.

Dan McManigal has just got in 150 head of cattle from the northwest which he is going to feed.

The Frog Hollow literary society has moved its place of meeting to the Jones school house, one and a half miles east.

Jack Gasper says it don't pay to raise corn at 6 cents, so he is going to build cribs and hold his corn for a better price.

Plum Creek wants a post office, a grocery store, black smith shop, and a creamery station. There will be money in it for the right person.

John Liveringhouse has his new hog house almost completed. Mr. Merton and Chas. Erxleben are also going to build themselves a hog house.

Gus Seelmeyer has rented the Erxleben farm now occupied by George Awisut for next year. Mr. A. has rented the George Pfluger farm just over the line in Cuming county.

The question for debate last Friday evening was "Resolved, that single life affords more happiness than married life," and was decided in favor of the affirmative. How do you like that girls?

Last Thursday, Feb. 11th, Annie Eastain planned a surprise on her sister Tillie, in honor of her 18th birthday. At 8:30 a large crowd of friends had assembled at their home. Various games were played and about 12 o'clock a line oyster supper was served. Then games were played until the wee sma's hours of the morning, when the guests returned home feeling that they all had an enjoyable time, and wished Miss Tillie many more happy birthdays. Many nice presents were received.

CARROLL.

Mrs. Krebs' baby is quite sick at this writing.

Frank Hulbert has been holding the bed down a few days with the chicken

Carroll will soon be surrounded with corn crits.

There is considerable moving around here already.

The social held at the shop of B. W. Wineland Monday evening was a grand success.

There is lots of sickness around here at present; principally the chicken pox and grip.

Ed Moore and family have moved out to his fathers three miles southwest of town.

There are quite a number of people looking for places to rent. Good places are in big demand.

The P V Elevator Co. has commenced the erection of 300 feet more corn crib. Edward Zeilkey has the contract.

Ed Moore and family boarded the train this morning for northwestern Idaho, where they go to make their future home.

The roads are in very bad shape and there are lots of broken down wagons; but bad roads nor low prices seem to stop the corn from coming in.

Our barber shop will now be found one door south of the depot, run by our genial barber, Joe Beldon. Call and give him a trial; we are sure you will like him.

Mr. Peavey seems to have been very well pleased with his man, Mr. Bailey, and his work at Carroll. That's good for George; we wish him all the success possible.

Mr. Knapp's hired hand had good luck on Monday of this week. He broke two wagon axes and shoveled one load of corn five different times in delivering it to market.

We are informed that David Garwood who moved to Missouri last spring expects to come back to this place. We will all welcome him and his estimable family back.

Miss Della Wineland just received the sad intelligence of the death of one of her schoolmates in Iowa, Miss May Caulman, aged 16 years. She was called away in the bloom of youth. Let us prepare for the call while life is yet ours.

A. C. Van Horn, agent for the Home Fire, of Omaha, is around writing some insurance and selling school furniture. Although 81 years old, he drove some 30 miles and insured a school house Monday; very good for one of that age.

The Woodmen hold an extra session next Friday night to initiate some candidates for membership. There have been 21 members added recently. It is rumored that the Neighbors will give a supper in the near future in honor of the success achieved by Neighbor Hoguewood in his labors among us.

HUNTER.

Mrs. A. F. Chaon is quite ill.

Jno. Grimsley is on the sick list, but is mending now.

Next week is moving time and there will be a number of changes in this neighborhood.

C. R. Munson is going to return and become a citizen of Hunter once more. He will live on his father's place near the school house in district No. 19.

There was an exciting chase in this precinct between a man on horseback and a dog for which a reward of \$10 was offered. The dog won. Time 2:03 1/2. For particulars see Mike L.

Charles Ruback has rented his farm and is going to move to Wakefield. We are sorry to lose Charley as he is a good citizen, but his health is not very good and he wants to live in a quiet place and so moves to Wakefield.

The Senatorial situation in South Dakota remains unchanged.

There is a prospect for the bursting of the rubber trust, but it will require a good deal of blowing up.

Ballard's Snow Liment.

Mrs. Hamilton, Cambridge, Ill., says: "I had rheumatism so bad I could not raise my hand to my head. Ballard's Snow Liment has entirely cured me. I take pleasure in informing my neighbors and friends what it has done for me." Chas. Handley, clerk for Lay & Lyman, Kewanee, Ill., advises us Snow Liment cured him of rheumatism. Why not try it? It will surely do you good. It cures all inflammation, cuts, wounds, sores, sprains, etc. Price 50c. Sold by Wilkins & Co.

An article on weeds published in Wallace's Farmer in 1896 was very valuable to the readers of that paper. Large pictures were published of the worst weeds the western farmer has to fight and the best means of killing them were very fully given. Each one of these weed articles was worth several times the price of a year's subscription to that paper. Wallace's Farmer is a general agricultural paper published weekly at Des Moines, Iowa, at \$1.00 per year. You can get a sample copy free by writing for it. We will send Wallace's Farmer and The Wayne HERALD both one year for \$1.50.

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